

FIRST TERM EXAMINATION (September 14, 2015)

CLASS XII POLITICAL SCIENCE

SET A

M.M. 100

NOTE:

Q 1-5 carries 1 mark each

Q 6-10 carries 2 marks each

Q 11-16 carries 4 marks each

Q 17-21 carries 5 marks each

Q 22-27 carries 6 marks each

1. What is meant by Security?
2. What continue to be the most important resource in global strategy?
3. The United Nations Organisation succeeded which international body.
4. What does isolation mean in the international affairs?
5. Who was Gorbachev? What did he try to do in USSR?
6. Mention any two negative effects of Shock therapy.
7. Give any two reasons why Veto power of permanent member of security council cannot be abolished?
8. Explain any two points of areas of cooperation between India and Bangladesh.
9. Write in short about "Operation Desert Storm".
10. Describe any two economic consequences of globalisation.
11. Why did the super powers in the cold war era need allies?
12. Describe any four issues relating to environmental degradation.
13. What are the four components of the traditional notion of Security from external threats? Give one example of each.
14. Mention any four criteria proposed for the new membership of the U.N. Security Council.
15. Describe in detail the Structural hegemony of USA with examples.

16. What are the challenges to democracy in Nepal?

17. Read the following passage and answer the following questions:

“Talking shop? Yes, there are a lot of speeches and meetings at the UN, especially during the annual sessions of the general assembly. But as Churchill put it, jaw-jaw is better than war-war. Isn't it better to have one place where all... countries in the world can get together, bore each other sometimes with their words rather than bore holes into each other on the battlefield?”

- a. Who is the author of the above paragraph?
- b. Why do we need international organisation like the UNO?

18. Read the following passage and answer the following questions:

19. Read the following passage and answer the following questions:

20. Observe the map and answer the questions

- a. Countries of I and the II world
- b. Operation Infinite reach was launched against these countries
- c. Member of European Union
- d. First Secretary general of UNO belongs to this country
- e. Indus Water treaty signed between these countries
- f. Island nation, was a sultanate till 1968
- g. Most dominating republic of USSR
- h. Country of Central Asia witnessed a civil war for ten years

21. A. Study the picture given below and answer the questions

B

22. How did the idea of New International Economic Order (NIEO) originate? What support did it get from United Nations Conference on trade and development (UNCTAD) and why did it fade away?

OR

“The factors of technical dimensions and Indian immigrants play a crucial role in Indo-American relationship.” Give arguments to support this statement.

23. Why did Soviet Union disintegrate? What were the consequences of disintegration of USSR on World Politics?

OR

Which organisation formed in 1992? Write its influence in Political, diplomatic, economic and military fields?

24. "Since 1947 Pakistan has been experimenting with democratic system and the military rule". In the light of above statement explain any two reasons why democratic system has not been stable there?

OR

In what ways does the present Chinese economy differs from its command economy?

25. As a citizen of India, how would you support India's candidature for the permanent membership of the Security Council? Justify your proposal.

OR

What are the various components of India's Security Strategy?

26. The most serious challenge before the states is pursuing economic development without causing further damage to the global environment. How could we achieve this? Explain with examples.

OR

How far is it correct to say that globalisation actually increases the activities of the state?

27. Discuss in detail the Indo-China relations.

OR

What is Cold War? Name the military alliance formed by USA during cold war. Describe in detail about Cuban Missile Crisis

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- Q 17-21 carries 5 marks each
- Q 22-27 carries 6 marks each

1. What does the concept 'neutrality' mean in the international politics?
2. Who has a right to vote in the U.N. General Assembly?
3. What is globalisation?
4. Why have the issues relating to environmental degradation become part of world politics?
5. Give full forms of SAARC and SAFTA.
6. What was the 9/11 event? What was the U.S. response to it?
7. What is meant by global commons? How are they exploited and polluted?
8. Explain any two points of areas of conflict between India and Bangladesh.
9. Name the pillars and the objectives of the ASEAN community.
10. Why is the policy of non-alignment of India criticised? Explain any two reasons.
11. Explain any four components of India's Security Strategy.
12. Name the principal players in the ethnic conflict in Sri Lanka. How do you assess the prospects of the resolution of this conflict?
13. Describe in detail the hard hegemony of USA with examples.
14. What are the contentious issues between India and Pakistan?
15. What is the significance of Kyoto Protocol? Is India a signatory to this protocol?

16. What is 'bandwagon strategy'? How can the states use it for their advantage?

17. Read the following passage and answer the following questions:

18. Read the following passage and answer the following questions:

19. Read the following passage and answer the following questions:

20. Observe the map and answer the questions

- a. Successor state of USSR
- b. Member of ASEAN
- c. Country split peacefully after disintegrated from USSR
- d. Iraq invaded this country in 1990
- e. Founding member of NAM belongs to this country
- f. Landlocked country of South Asia with Monarchy
- g. Single largest producer of Oil
- h. Hegemonic power since 1991
- i. Earth Summit held in this country in 1992
- j. Present Secretary General of UNO belongs to this country

21. A. Study the picture given below and answer the questions

B.

22. Looking at the Indian scenario, what type of security has been given priority in India, traditional or non-traditional? What examples could you cite to substantiate the arguments?

OR

Discuss in detail the changing relations between India and USA.

23. Suppose the Soviet Union had not disintegrated and the world was still bipolar as it was in mid-1980. How would it have affected the developments in the last two decades? Identify any three regions and the developments that may not have taken place in that kind of a world.

OR

"The transition from Communism to Capitalism was not a smooth one". Comment.

24. Examine any three causes and consequences each of globalisation.

OR

What is Cold War? Name the military alliance formed by USSR during cold war. Describe in detail about Cuban Missile Crisis.

25. " India has a strong relationship with Russia and both benefit mutually from each other." Discuss.

OR

How is China becoming a regional as well as global economic power?

26. Describe the role of India in the reforming and restructuring of the UN.

OR

What is meant by 'Common but differentiated responsibilities'? How could we implement the idea?

27. "The various countries in South Asia do not have the same kind of political system." Explain in detail about the political system of these countries of South Asia.

OR

Discuss the position of India on the issue of Environment protection.